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Learn Fun Multiplication with the Repeated Counting Method Using Cards in Class II

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ABSTRACT

This research was motivated by a problem found in class II of SD Nege? Kalipucang, namely the weak ability of students to solve multiplication arithmetic operations questions. The weak ability of students to calculate operations is due to the learning process being less interesting and the lack of variation in the application of learning methods. The game is one method that can be chosen by the teacher to solve problems in learning mathematics, because learning allers are expected to be more fun so that it is interesting for students and not boring. The game used by the teacher is a card game. Cards are one of the objects that can be used as an educational game. Card media packaged in the form of educational games is expected to make the learning process more interesting and students are actively involved in learning activities. This a dudy used a qualitative method which was carried out at SD Negeri Kalipucang with 23 class II students as subjects consisting of 21 male students and 2 female students. The results showed that there was an increase in students' multiplication arithmetic operations skills in learning mathematics. This increase in students' arithmetic operations skills in learning mathematics in class II of SD Negeri Kalipucang in the 2022/2023 academic year.

Keywords: Learn 1, Fun 2, Count 3, Cards 4.

1. INTRODUCTION

An education is a very important thing in a person's life, especially to determine the future. The current phenomenon of many parents who understand the importance of education, send their children to excellent schools. In the hope of getting a quality education. The quality of education is influenced by the improvement of educational components such as improving the quality and equitable distribution of teachers, an enhanced curriculum, learning resources, adequate facilities and infrastructure, a conducive learning climate, and supported by government policies, both at the optical and regional levels. From all that, teachers are an influential component of the creation of quality educational

processes and outcomes, because teachers interact directly with students in teaching and learning activities. The process of interaction that encourages learning is also called education. The act of educating is focused on the development of students to become independent. In mathematics lessons that function to develop the ability to calculate, measure, derive and use simple mathematical formulas needed in daily activities through measuring numbers and geometry material. The immediate objects acquired in learning mathematics are facts, skills, concepts and rules. Mathematical skills needed in everyday life include the ability to calculate operations, which are needed to solve problems found in everyday life that are mathematical. For example, a

teacher will determine the report card value of a student, in determining the report card value, a calculation operation is used where student grades are added up and then divided. If the teacher does not have the skill of calculating operations, of course, there will be errors in the report card value, which of course has an impact on the students concerned. Students must be able to master the ability of calculation operations delivered during learning in the classroom, so that students can apply their abilities appropriately in dealing with daily problems they face. Weak ability of student calculation operations due to the less interesting learning process and lack of variation in the application of learning methods. In teaching, teachers tend to use expository methods and put more emphasis on mastering the material, thus overriding the student learning process. A good learning process should be able to generate effective, meaningful and fun learning activities [1]. Learning will be effective if done in a pleasant atmosphere [2]. In learning activities in the Kalipucang State Elementary School class, especially learning calculation operations, there has been no learning process that is said to be a good learning process. Student agivity in teaching and learning activities is still lacking, some students do not pay attention to the teacher's explanation. This makes teaching and learning activities ineffective, because teachers have to repeat explaining the material to students who do not pay attention to learning. The learning process is considered unpleasant, it is proven that some students prefer to be engrossed in their own world. As a teacher, you must be able to understand what the child's world is like. The child's world is inseparable from the game. The development of elementary-age children's play according to Hurlock enters the Play Stage stage [3]. For children, play activities are a serious, but exciting activity [4]. Play is a necessity for children in their development. According to Monks, children and games are two notions that are almost inseparable from each other [5]. By playing while learning, it is hoped that children can learn according to the demands of their development level and te learning process becomes fun. Playing while learning is an effort to convey learning material to children by playing or in a fun way, so that children unwittingly gain knowledge and experience from the easy learning process. Games are one of the methods that can be chosen by teachers to teach Mathematics, because with learning games are expected to be more fun so that they are interesting for students and not boring. The game that teachers use is cards.

2. RESEARCH METHODS

My research method provides a clear picture of the achievement of research objectives This research was carried out at SD Negeri Kalipucang with the address Kalipucang, Kasihan, Bantul, DIY. The research to be carried out is qualitative research. The data presented in qualitative research is in the form of pictures and words [6]. My research method provides a clear picture of the achievement of research objectives This research was carried out at SD Negeri Kalipucang with the address Kalipucang, Kasihan, Bantul, DIY. The research to be carried out is qualitative research. The data presented in qualitative research is in the form of pictures and words [7]. research is carried out using descriptive methods. Data obtained during research in the form of words, writings, pictures, and documents originating from frormants or reliable sources.

Data collection techniques in this qualitative research by making observations, interviews, and documentation. All information obtained comes from the principal, teachers, and students. To extract information from sources, researchers use unstructured interview techniques. In addition to conducting interviews, researchers also explore information through observation and analysis of all forms of documentation in SD Negeri Kalipucang that can support data. Researchers prepare observation sheets as guidelines for making observations. This observation sheet is a record of the development carried out by each child in the form of a checklist with descriptive creativity shaping that children achieve. Observation is meant to be an observation made by teachers and researchers to obtain a careful picture of the action being carried out and ntinue to document the effect or impact of the action. In this study using observation instruments or observation sheets designed by researchers to find out the criteria for creativity. Researchers contacted interviews with principals, teachers, and students to obtain primary data needed the study. The secondary data used in this research is in the form of observations and school documentation that has a relationship with the research to carried out. Data analysis techniques in this study are carried out from the stage of data collection in the field begins until the ata has been collected as a whole and then intensive data analysis is carried out. To analyze data so that young people can understand it, researchers use an interactive analysis model proposed by Miles and Huberman which consists of four stages, including: data collection, data reduction, data presentation, and conclusion or verification [8].

this study to test the validity of the data obtained during study, researchers used triangulation techniques and source triangulation. Source triangulation is a technique to check the credibility of data by exami 7 ng data that has been obtained from several sources. Triangulation techniques are used in testing the credibility of data by checking data with different techniques on the same source.

3. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The time of research at SD Negeri Kalipucang, from the results of triangulation of observation data, interviews, and documentary evidence, it can be seen that teachers have tried to provide interesting and creative mathematics learning by using cards to calculate multiplication repeatedly in students. One of the efforts made by the school is to prioritize creative learning. Grade 2 teachers try to provide fun learning for students so that the knowledge provided is easily absorbed properly and students are not bored learning fun mathematics.



Figure 1. Learning Media and Cards

With fun learning, children do not feel like learning, but feel like playing fun. One by one the children were asked to come forward to practice in front of the class so that all children could digest what the teacher explained.



Figure 2. The teacher is explaining to students how to use learning media with cards

4. CONCLUSION AND ADVICE

The conclusion of this study is that learning to count can be done in a fun way so that learning is not rigid and easy to understand by being practiced directly to students during classroom learning. Fun can be obtained by creative teachers to be able to convey knowledge to students with game methods that are preferred among children.

AUTHORS' CONTRIBUTIONS

Armi Kholifah as a master of education student and lecturer Dr. Dhiniaty Gularso, M.Si., M.Pd. both came up with the idea for the research. Armi Kholifah analyzed the problems that occurred at school and made a background. Dr. Dhiniaty Gularso, M.Si., M.Pd. contributed to the methods used in the research. The two authors analyzed the research conducted. Then they discussed the result and contributed to the final manuscript.

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